

Please note that there are 10 questions

1) Lafayette Savings Bank offers an account that pays 4% interest compounded four times a year. They plan to change to monthly compounding. What interest rate, compounded monthly, should they offer in order to have the same annual effective rate of interest?

(10 pts)

$$\left(1 + \frac{.04}{4}\right)^4 = \left(1 + \frac{i}{12}\right)^{12}$$

$$\left(\left(1 + \frac{.04}{4}\right)^{\frac{4}{12}} - 1\right)^{12} = i = .039867403$$

$$i = \boxed{3.99\%}$$

- 2) You borrow \$2000 at the beginning of year 1 at 7% annual effective interest. You pay \$P at the end of year 1, \$500 at the end of year 2, and \$1000 at the end of year 3, after which you owe nothing. Find P.

(10 pts)

$$2000(1.07)^3 = P(1.07)^2 + 500(1.07) + 1000$$

$$P = \$799.27$$

- 3) From January 1, 2005 to December 31, 2010, First Bank paid 1% interest, compounded monthly. On January 1, 2011, they raised their rate to 3% interest, compounded monthly. I deposited \$200 at the end of each month beginning in January, 2005. How much will I have in my account immediately after my deposit on December 31, 2014.

(10 pts)

$$\left(200 \left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{.01}{12} \right)^{12 \cdot 6} - 1}{.01/12} \right) \right) \left(1 + \frac{.03}{12} \right)^{12 \cdot 4} + 200 \left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{.03}{12} \right)^{48} - 1}{.03/12} \right)$$

$$16,723.23904 + 10,186.24168$$

$$= 26,909.48072$$

↓

$$\boxed{\$ 26,909.48}$$

- 4) Over a 10 year period an account earned 2% annual effective interest for the first two years, 4% annual effective discount for the next three years, and 5% annual effective force of interest for the last 5 years. What was the annual effective rate of return on this account? (10 pts)

$$(1.02)^2 \left(1 + \frac{.04}{1-.04}\right)^3 (e^{.05})^5 = (1+i)^{10}$$

$$1.04206792 = 1+i$$

$$i = 4.207\% \checkmark$$

5) On January 1 you won a prize that pays \$100,000 at the end of each year for n years. Find n given that the present value of your prize at the beginning of the first year at 4% interest was \$1,562,207.
 (10 pts)

$$100,000 \frac{(1.04)^n - 1}{.04} = 1,562,207(1.04)^n$$

$$(1.04)^n - 1 = 0.6248828(1.04)^n$$

$$(1.04)^n (1 - 0.6248828) = 1$$

$$1.04^n = 2.665833505$$

$$\frac{\log \leftarrow}{\log 1.04} = n$$

$$n = 24.99997297 \text{ years}$$

$25 = n$

- 6) You borrow \$500,000 to buy a house at 4% interest, compounded monthly, with a 30 year mortgage. What is your monthly payment (paid at the end of each month)?
(10 pts)

$$\frac{500,000 \left(1 + \frac{.04}{12}\right)^{360}}{\frac{\left(1 + \frac{.04}{12}\right)^{360} - 1}{.04/12}} = P$$

$P = \$2,387.076427$

$\$2,387.08$

- 7) Let the data be as in problem 6). Assume also that you have actually been paying \$4,000 each month, which is somewhat more than required. After paying on the house for ten years, i.e. immediately after the 120th payment, interest rates have dropped to 3%. You decide to refinance. How much will you need to borrow to pay off your original loan? (10 pts)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Amount left on orig.} &= 500000 \left(1 + \frac{.04}{12}\right)^{120} - 4000 \left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{.04}{12}\right)^{120} - 1}{.04/12}\right) \\ &= 745416.3409 - 588999.2183 = \boxed{\$156417.1226} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Amount that will be paid over 20 years w/ 3% comp. no. interest} &= 156417.1226 \left(1 + \frac{.03}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot 20} = \$284797.2573 \end{aligned}$$

- 8) What price should you pay for a \$10,000 redemption value, 20 year bond which has \$200 coupons, paid three times a year, assuming that you want a 3% yield, compounded three times a year? (10 pts)

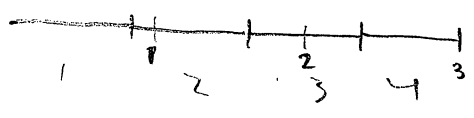
$$\left(200 \left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{.03}{3} \right)^{60} - 1}{.03/3} \right) + 10,000 \right) \left(1 + \frac{.03}{3} \right)^{-60}$$
$$= \$14,495.50$$

9) The bond in question 8) is sold after five years, immediately after the payment of the coupon, to an investor wanting a 4% yield, compounded quarterly? What should the selling price of the bond be? (10 pts)

$$\left(\frac{\left(\left(1 + \frac{.04}{4} \right)^{\frac{4}{3} 15.3} - 1 \right)}{\left(\left(1 + \frac{.04}{4} \right)^{\frac{4}{3}} - 1 \right)} \right) \left(200 + 10,000 \right) \left(1 + \frac{.04}{4} \right)^{-60}$$

= 12,236.55665

↳ \$12,236.56



- ⑩ I invest \$100 at the **beginning** of each month in an account that pays 4% interest per year, **compounded daily**. What is my accumulation at the end of the 10th year?
(10 pts)

$$\left(1 + \frac{.04}{365}\right)^{365} (100) \left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{.04}{365}\right)^{\frac{365}{12} \cdot 120} - 1}{\left(1 + \frac{.04}{365}\right)^{\frac{365}{12}} - 1} \right) = \$14,779.17$$